## Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form only of this form and any documentation provided with the insu

	of this form and an	y documentation prov	vided with the insurance	ze poncy			
Inspection Date:  Owner Information							
Owner Information Owner Name:			Contact Person:				
Address:			Home Phone:				
City:	Zip:		Work Phone:				
County:			Cell Phone:				
Insurance Company:			Policy #:				
Year of Home:	# of Stories:		Email:				
NOTE: Any documentation used in validating the compliance or existence of each construction or mitigation attribute must accompany this form. At least one photograph must accompany this form to validate each attribute marked in questions 3 though 7. The insurer may ask additional questions regarding the mitigated feature(s) verified on this form.							
the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Brown	<ol> <li>Building Code: Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)?</li> <li>A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built For homes built in 2002/2003 provide a permit application with</li> </ol>						
<ul> <li>□ B. For the HVHZ Only: Built i provide a permit application w</li> <li>□ C. Unknown or does not meet</li> <li>2. Roof Covering: Select all roof covering:</li> </ul>	a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)//						
OR Year of Original Installation/Rocovering identified.	-		, ,	No Information			
2.1 Roof Covering Type:	Permit Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	Provided for Compliance			
☐ 1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle	/						
☐ 2. Concrete/Clay Tile							
☐ 3. Metal							
4. Built Up							
5. Membrane							
6. Other							
installation OR have a roofing	A. All roof coverings listed above meet the FBC with a FBC or Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later.						
	□ B. All roof coverings have a Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR (for the HVHZ only) a roofing permit application after 9/1/1994 and before 3/1/2002 OR the roof is original and built in 1997 or later.						
$\Box$ C. One or more roof coverings	do not meet the require	ements of Answer "A" or	"B".				
☐ D. No roof coverings meet the	☐ D. No roof coverings meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B".						
3. <b>Roof Deck Attachment</b> : What is the	he weakest form of roo	of deck attachment?					
A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c. by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.							
24"inches o.c.) by 8d common other deck fastening system of maximum of 12 inches in the f							
24"inches o.c.) by 8d common decking with a minimum of 2 and Any system of screws, nails, a	C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width)OR-Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent						
Inspectors Initials Property A	ddress						

\*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure. OIR-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/12) Adopted by Rule 69O-170.0155 Page 1 of 4

		or greater re	esistance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least
	П		ced Concrete Roof Deck.
			Concrete Roof Book.
			rn or unidentified.
		G. No attic	
4			
4.		eet of the insi	<b>ttachment:</b> What is the <u>WEAKEST</u> roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within ide or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)
	Ш	A. Toe Nai	
			the top plate of the wall, or
			Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D
	Mir	nimal condit	tions to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:
			Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, <b>and</b>
			Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter <b>and</b> blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, <b>and</b> free of visible severe corrosion.
		B. Clips	
			Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or
			Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.
		C. Single V	
			Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.
		D. Double	Wraps
			Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, <b>or</b>
			Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.
		E. Structura	Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.
		F. Other: _	
		G. Unknow	yn or unidentified
		H. No attic	access
5.			What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of e over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).
		A. Hip Roo	
		B. Flat Roc	
		C. Other R	less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft oof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.
		C. Other K	Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) of (B) above.
6.	Sec	A. SWR (a sheathin	ter Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR) lso called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the gor foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the g from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.
			/n or undetermined.
In			Property Address
	_		form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no meterial changes have been made to the structure or
**	hia .	romitiontion :	town is violed for in to fire (5) vegus provided no motorial shances have been made to the structure or

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7. Opening Protection: What is the weakest form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? First, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. Second, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings and (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart  Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Glazed Openings				Non-Glazed Openings	
		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure						
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)						
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007						
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance						
N	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified						
IN	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C						
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection						

a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the produ	ct approval
system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cycl	ic Pressure
and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).	

- Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203
- Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203

☐ A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist

- American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
- Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12
- For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996

☐ C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

• For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115

☐ A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
☐ A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):
• ASTM E 1886 <u>and</u> ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.)
• SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.)
• For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.)
☐ B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
☐ B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
☐ B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
<u>C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007</u> All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).
☐ C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
☐ C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in the table above

Inspectors Initials \_\_\_\_\_ Property Address\_

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N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter sprotective coverings not meeting the requirements of A with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the tax	nswer "A", "B", or C" or					
☐ N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, G	□ N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, or N in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist					
☐ N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level table above	D in the table above, and no	Non-Glazed	l openings classified as Level X in the			
$\square$ N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Lev	el X in the table above					
☐ <b>X. None or Some Glazed Openings</b> One or more Glazed	ed openings classified and	Level X is	n the table above.			
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST I Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes, prov	~					
Qualified Inspector Name:	License Type:		License or Certificate #:			
Inspection Company:		Phone:				
Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a	: (check one)					
☐ Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statut training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board			per of hours of hurricane mitigation			
☐ Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida	Statutes.					
☐ General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section	n 489.111, Florida Statutes.					
Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida S						
Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida S						
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possed verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statute		tions to proj	perly complete a uniform mitigation			
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under						
under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes, must inspect the s						
<u>Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a direction experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.</u>	ect employee who posses	ses the rec	juisite skill, knowledge, and			
	17 H e	1.41				
I, am a qualified inspector a (print name)	and I personally perform	ea the ins	pection or ( <i>licensed</i>			
contractors and professional engineers only) I had my emple			form the inspection			
and I agree to be responsible for his/her work.	(print nam	e of inspe	ctor)			
Qualified Inspector Signature:	Date:					
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross negligence provides a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form is subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insurance Fraud and may be subject to administrative action by the appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Section 627.711(4)-(7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduct of employees as if the authorized mitigation inspector personally performed the inspection.						
<u>Homeowner to complete</u> : I certify that the named Qualifie residence identified on this form and that proof of identification						
Signature: Date:						
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form with the intent to obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to which the individual or entity is not entitled commits a misdemeanor of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)						
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes only and cannot be used to certify any product or construction feature as offering protection from hurricanes.						
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## **Shaun Bernstein**

Watertight Roofing Services 6/5/2023 | 12 Photos



## 341-355 Moorings Cove Dr Wind Mit Photos

## Section 1

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3



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6



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